**Honeysuckle**
This plant species, introduced to the United States over a century ago, smothers native plants in woodlands around parts of the country including the campus of the University of Michigan. In the past, honeysuckles were introduced for use as ornamentals, wildlife cover, and for soil erosion control.

Removal of honeysuckles can be a combination of methods such as: hand removal (of seedlings or small plants), cutting (with use of hand saws), chemical methods (herbicides), and finally prescribed burning. Removal of honeysuckle on campus will include the usage cutting tools and removal by hand for smaller seedlings.

There are a number of Honeysuckle shrubs in this area. Here is a list of the different honeysuckle shrubs common and scientific names. Several botanists reported that several Lonicera species are frequently misidentified and that hybridization is becoming more common. Lonicera complex includes:

**Lonicera Complex:**
- Japanese Honeysuckle (*Lonicera japonica*)
- Amur Honeysuckle (*Lonicera maackii*)
- Morrow Honeysuckle (*Lonicera morrowii*)
- Smooth Tartarian Honeysuckle (*Lonicera tatarica*)
- Hybrid Honeysuckle (*Lonicera xbella*)

**Honeysuckle on campus**
The Honeysuckle on campus is easily identifiable by the vertical bark structure. The bottom photos demonstrate how Honeysuckles tend to flourish in the outer edges of the woods.